BEHOLD MY SERVANT

Isaiah 52:13-53:12

Introduction

- A. There are many Messianic passages in the Old Testament
- B. Four Servant Songs in Isaiah
 - 1. Isa. 42:1-9
 - 2. Isa. 49:1-13
 - 3. Isa. 50:4-11
 - 4. Isa. 52:13-53:12
- C. The 4th Servant Song is the most quoted in the NT.
- D. We will consider the 4th Servant Song, the longest consisting of 5 sections of 3 vs. each.

This passage begins and ends with a message from Yahweh. The middle section is a human message or testimony.

Main Point: There are three messages we should receive and repeat concerning My Servant.

- I. We Should Receive and Repeat the Pronouncement of the Sovereign: Behold My Servant (52:13-15)
 - Exaltation
- A. The Servant's Projected Position (13)
 - 1. He will prosper
 - 2. He will be
 - a. High
 - b. Lifted up
 - c. Greatly Exalted
- Humiliation B. The Servant's Physical Appearance (14)
 - 1. Just as many were astonished at you.
 - 2. So His appearance was marred more than any man.
 - 3. And His form (was marred) more than the sons of man.
- Humiliation
- C. The Servant's Purpose: Thus, He will sprinkle many nations. (15a)
- Exaltation
- D. The Servant's Pre-eminence: Kings will shut their mouths on account of Him. (15b)
 - 1. For what they had not been told them, they will see.
 - 2. And what they had not heard they will understand.
- II. We Should Receive and Repeat the Proclamation of the Saints (Apostles): Who has believed our message and to whom has the arm of the Lord been revealed (53:1-11)
 - A. The Servant's Part (2-9)
 - 1. The Servant's Situation: Humble Background (2)
 - a. He grew up like a tender shoot, like a root out of parched ground
 - b. He has no form or majesty or appearance to attract attention
 - 2. The Servant's Shunning: rejected by men (3,4b)
 - a. He was despised and forsaken of men
 - b. He was a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief
 - c. He was despised
 - d. He was not esteemed
 - e. He was esteemed
 - 1.) Stricken
 - 2.) Smitten of God
 - 3.) Afflicted
 - 3. The Servant's Substitution (4a, 5-9)
 - a. His replacement for our grief/sorrows—He carried/bore (4b)
 - b. His retribution for our sins (5)
 - 1.) He was pierced through for our transgressions
 - 2.) He was crushed for our iniquities
 - 3.) He was chastened for our well-being
 - 4.) He was scourged for our healing
 - c. The reasons for His substitution (6a)
 - 1.) All of us like sheep have gone astray

- 2.) Each of us has turned to his own way
- d. The redirection of His substitution: But the Yahweh caused the iniquity of us all to fall on Him (6b)
- e. The repression in His substitution (7a)
 - 1.) He was oppressed
 - 2.) He was afflicted
- f. The response in His substitution: He did not open His mouth (7b)
 - 1.) Like a lamb that is led to slaughter
 - 2.) And like a sheep is silent before it's shearers
- g. The results in His substitution (8-9)
 - 1.) He was taken away (8a)
 - a.) By oppression
 - b.) By judgment
 - c.) His generation considered that He was cut out of the land of living
 - 2.) He was cut out of the land of the living for the transgression of my people to whom the stroke was due (8b)
 - 3.) His grave was assigned with wicked men (9a)
 - 4.) He was with a rich man in His death (9b)
 - a.) Because He had done no violence
 - b.) Nor was there any deceit in His mouth
- B. The Sovereign's Participation (10-11)
 - 1. The Punishment: The Lord was pleased to crush Him putting (Him) to grief (10)
 - a. The Reason: If He would render Himself a guilt offering
 - b. The Results:
 - 1.) He will see His offspring
 - 2.) He will prolong (His) days
 - 3.) The good pleasure of the Lord will prosper in His Hands
 - 2. The Propitiation: He will see (it and) be satisfied (11)
 - a. As the result of the anguish of His soul
 - b. The Righteous One My Servant will justify the many
 - 1.) By His knowledge
 - 2.) As He will bear their iniquities
- III. We Should Receive and Repeat the Promise of the Sovereign: (12)
 - A. The Reward given by the Sovereign
 - 1. Therefore I will allot Him a portion with the great
 - 2. and He will divide the booty with the strong
 - B. The Reason given by the Sovereign
 - 1. Because He poured out Himself to death
 - 2. And was numbered with the transgressors
 - 3. Yet He Himself bore the sins of many
 - 4. And (He Himself) interceded for the transgressors